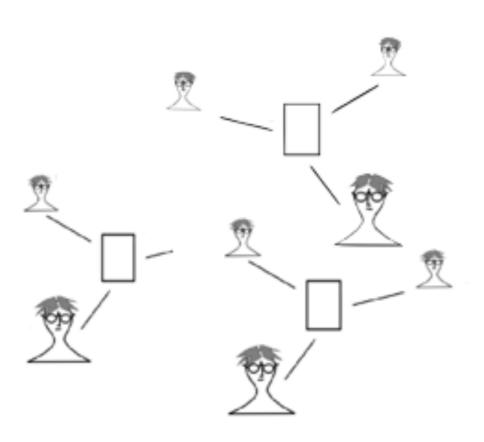
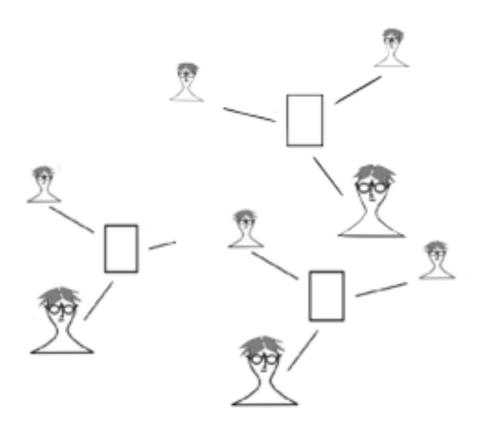


Specialisation and interdisciplinarity: Roads to scientific success

M. Bonaventura, V. Nicosia, P. Panzarasa, V. Latora Queen Mary University of London

MoN13 - Thirteenth Mathematics of Networks meeting 10th September 2014, Imperial College, London

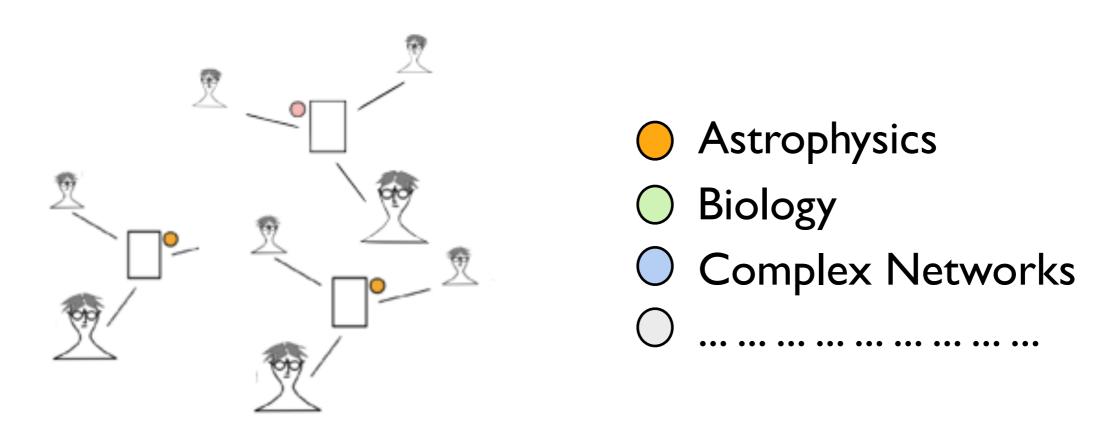


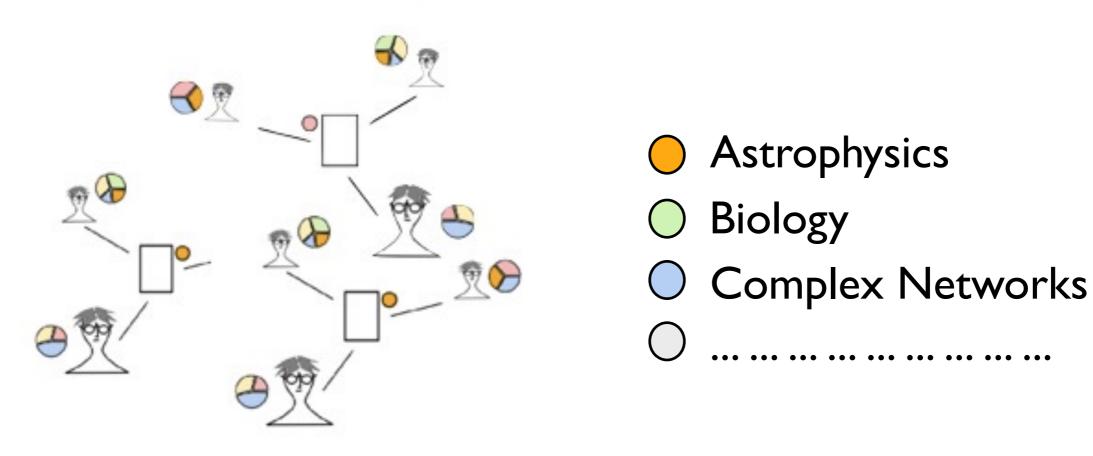


Newman, M. "The structure of scientific collaboration networks."Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences 98.2 (2001): 404-409. Barabâsi, A, et al. "Evolution of the social network of scientific collaborations." Physica A 311.3 (2002): 590-614.

Pan, R.K., et al. "World citation and collaboration networks: uncovering the role of geography in science." Scientific reports 2 (2012).

Pan, R.K., et al. "The evolution of interdisciplinarity in physics research." Scientific reports 2 (2012).





Specialised Authors



Interdisciplinary Authors



Specialised Authors

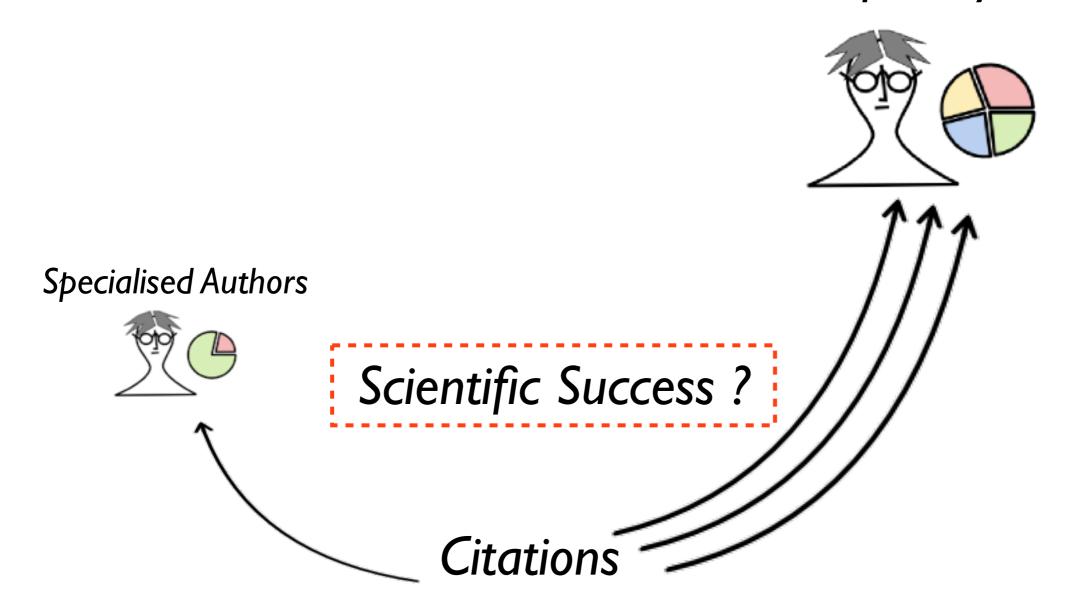


Interdisciplinary Authors

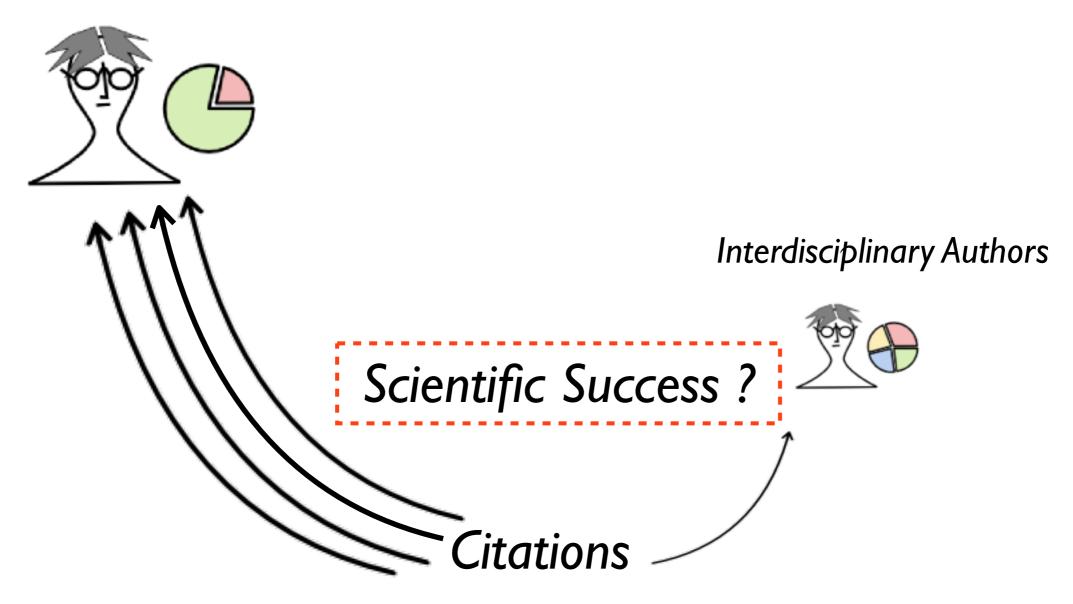


Scientific Success?

Interdisciplinary Authors



Specialised Authors



Time

Ancient Greek philosophers



Individual "authors" dealing with philosophy, physics, politics logic, ethics, religion, mathematics...

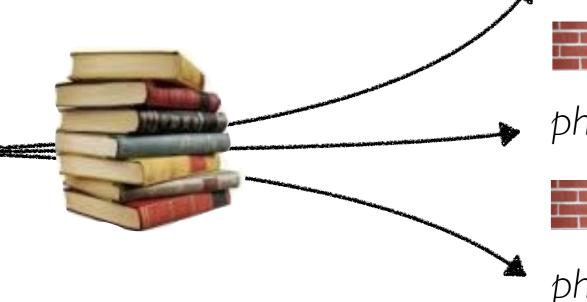


Time

Ancient Greek philosophers



Individual "authors" dealing with philosophy, physics, politics logic, ethics, religion, mathematics...



mathematics

physics

philosophy

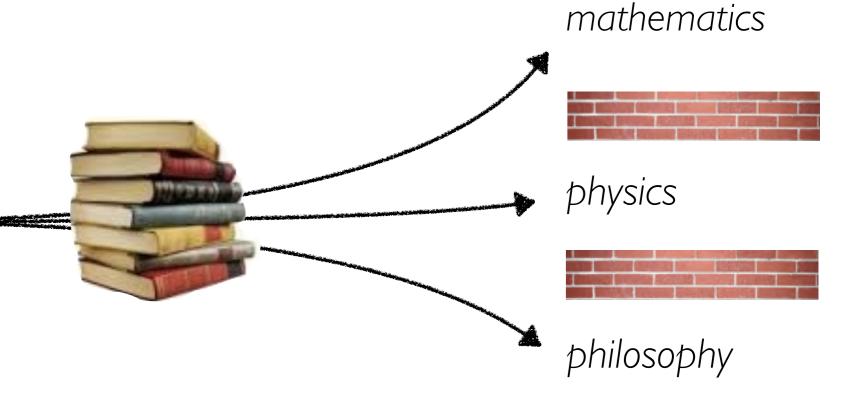
Specialisation of disciplines in modern age

Time

Ancient Greek philosophers



Individual "authors" dealing with philosophy, physics, politics logic, ethics, religion, mathematics...



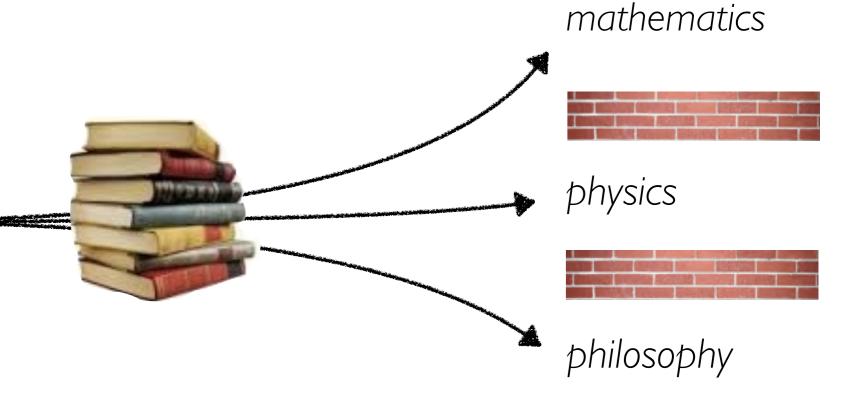
How modern scientists deal with interdisciplinarity?

Time

Ancient Greek philosophers



Individual "authors" dealing with philosophy, physics, politics logic, ethics, religion, mathematics...



Which are the most effective ways to overcome disciplinary boundaries?

The Data

American Physical Society (APS) data set (1975-2009, > 4·10⁵ articles)

Co-authorship network

L 112, 140506 (2014)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

whek ending 1 APRIL 20

9

Implementation of a Measurement-Device-Independent Entanglement Witness

Ping Xu, 1,2 Xiao Yuan, Luo-Kan Chen, 1,2 He Lu, 1,2 Xing-Can Yao, 1,2 Xiongfeng Ma, 3,1 Yu-Ao Chen, 1,2,† and Jian-Wei Pan 1,2,‡

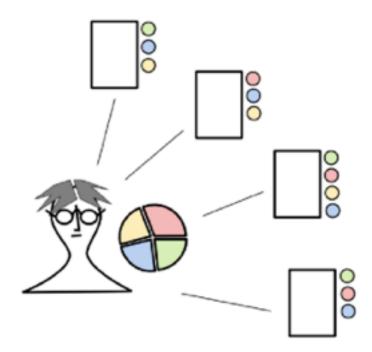
¹Hefei National Laboratory for Physical Sciences at Microscale and Department of Modern Physics, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, Anhui 230026, China

(Received 23 December 2013; published 10 April 2014)

Entanglement, the essential resource in quantum information processing, should be witnessed in many tasks such as quantum computing and quantum communication. The conventional entanglement witness method, relying on an idealized implementation of neasurements, could wrongly conclude a separable state to be entangled due to imperfect detections. Inspired by the idea of a time-shift attack, we construct an

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.112.140506

PACS numbers 03.67.Mn, 03.67.Dd, 42.50.Dv



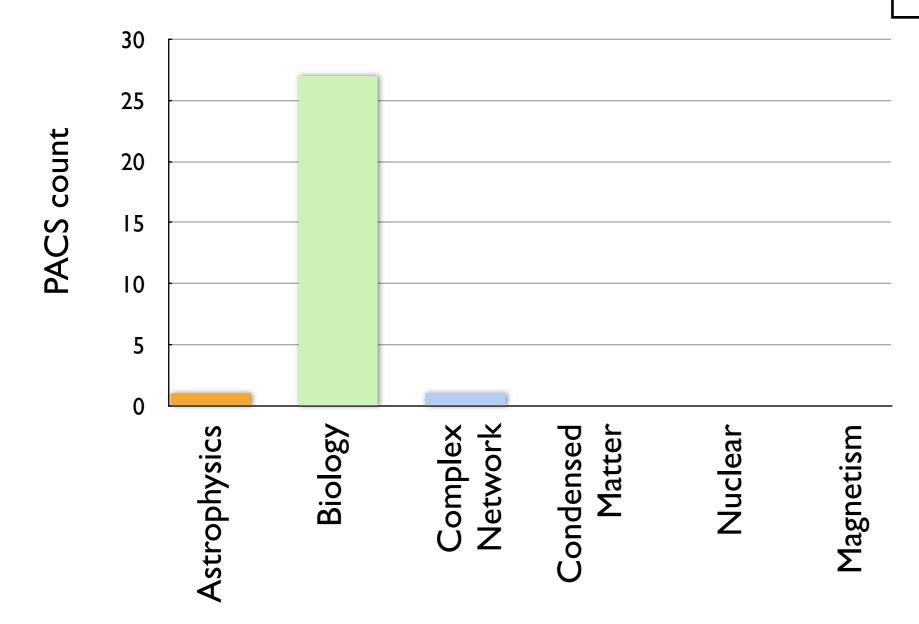
Research categories,

PACS codes

$$B_i = -\sum_c p_i^c \log(p_i^c)$$

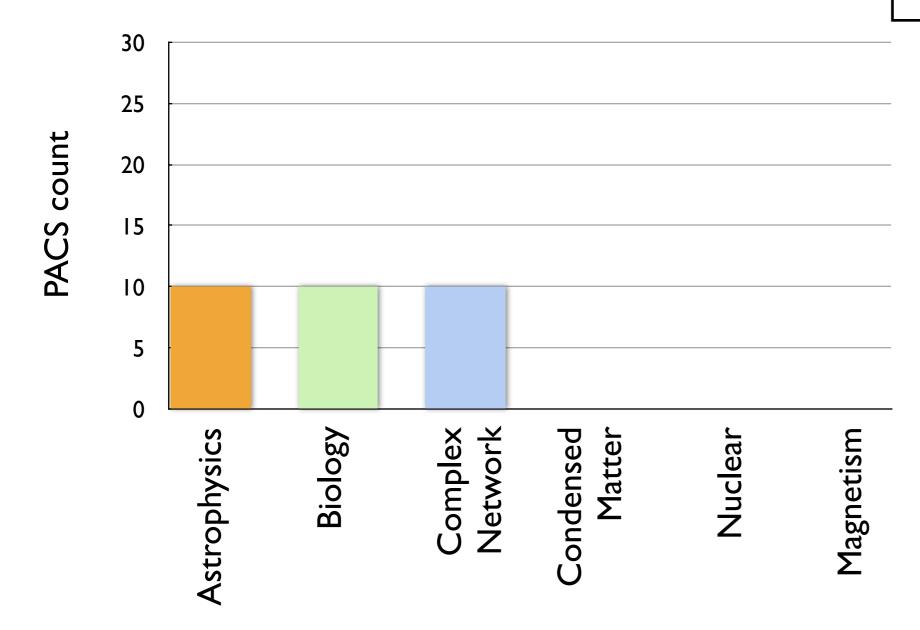
$$B = 0.13$$

$$B_i = -\sum_c p_i^c \log(p_i^c)$$



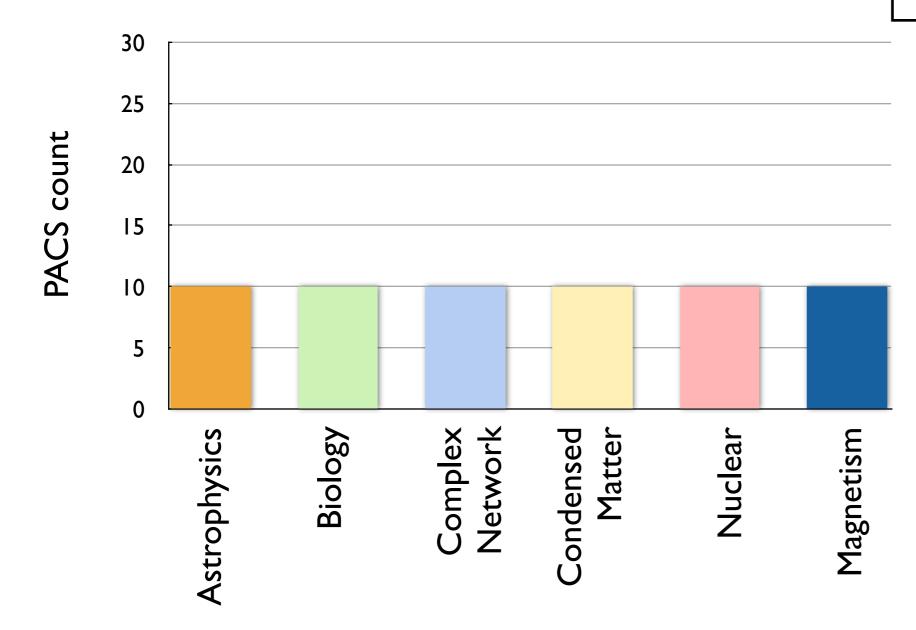
$$B = 0.48$$

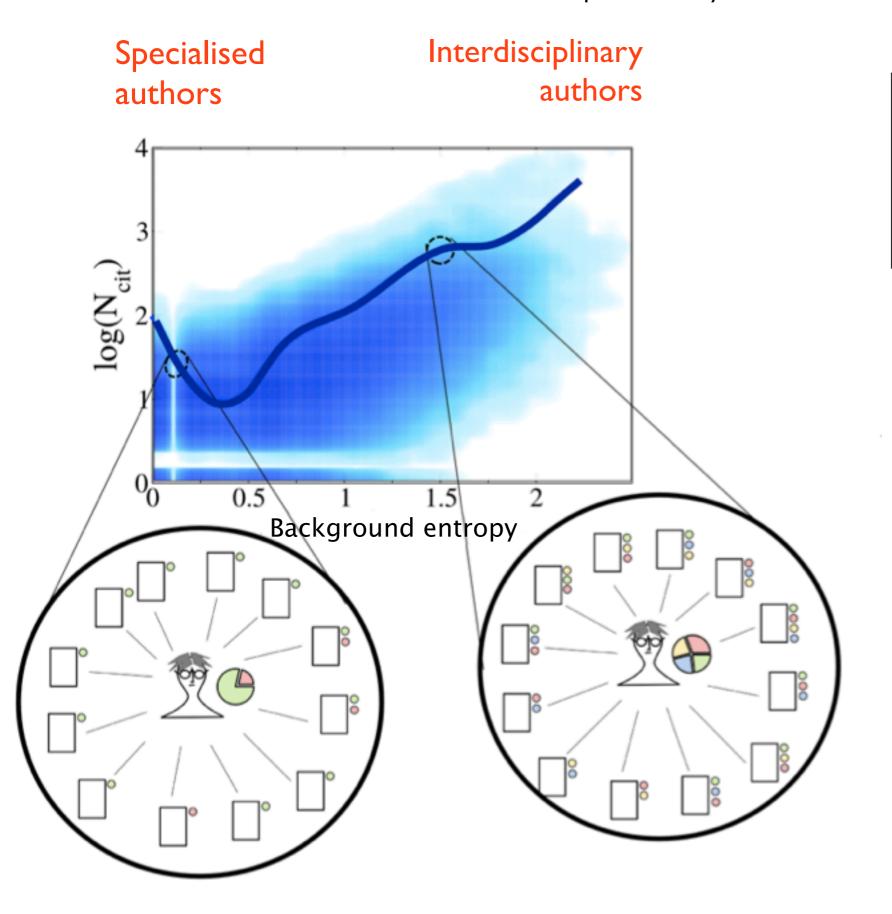
$$B_i = -\sum_c p_i^c \log(p_i^c)$$



B = 0.78

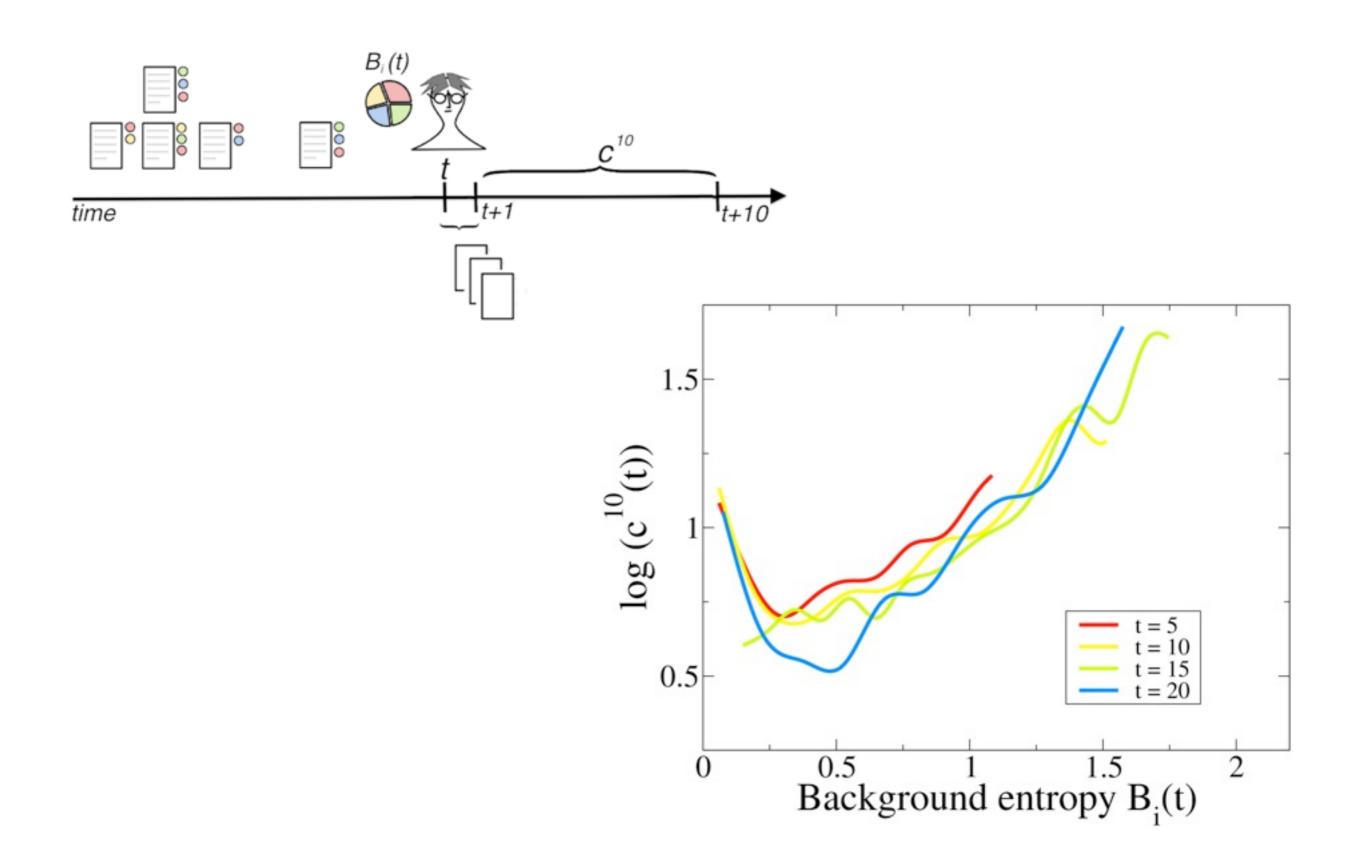
$$B_i = -\sum_c p_i^c \log(p_i^c)$$





$$B_i = -\sum_c p_i^c \log(p_i^c)$$

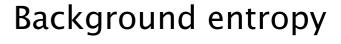
Time evolution: comparing career stages



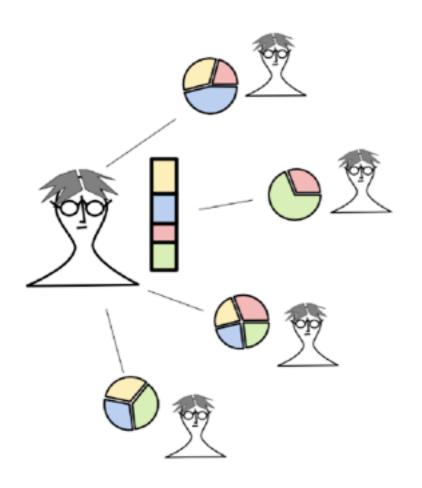
A Social measure of interdisciplinarity

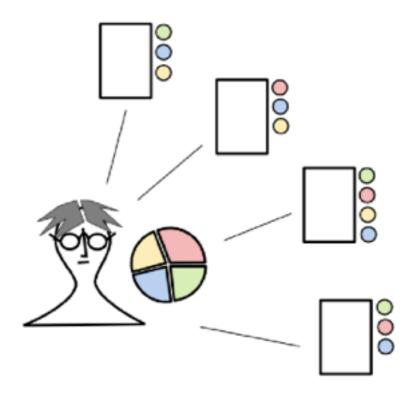
Social Entropy

$$E_i = \sum_c q_i^c \log(q_i^c)$$

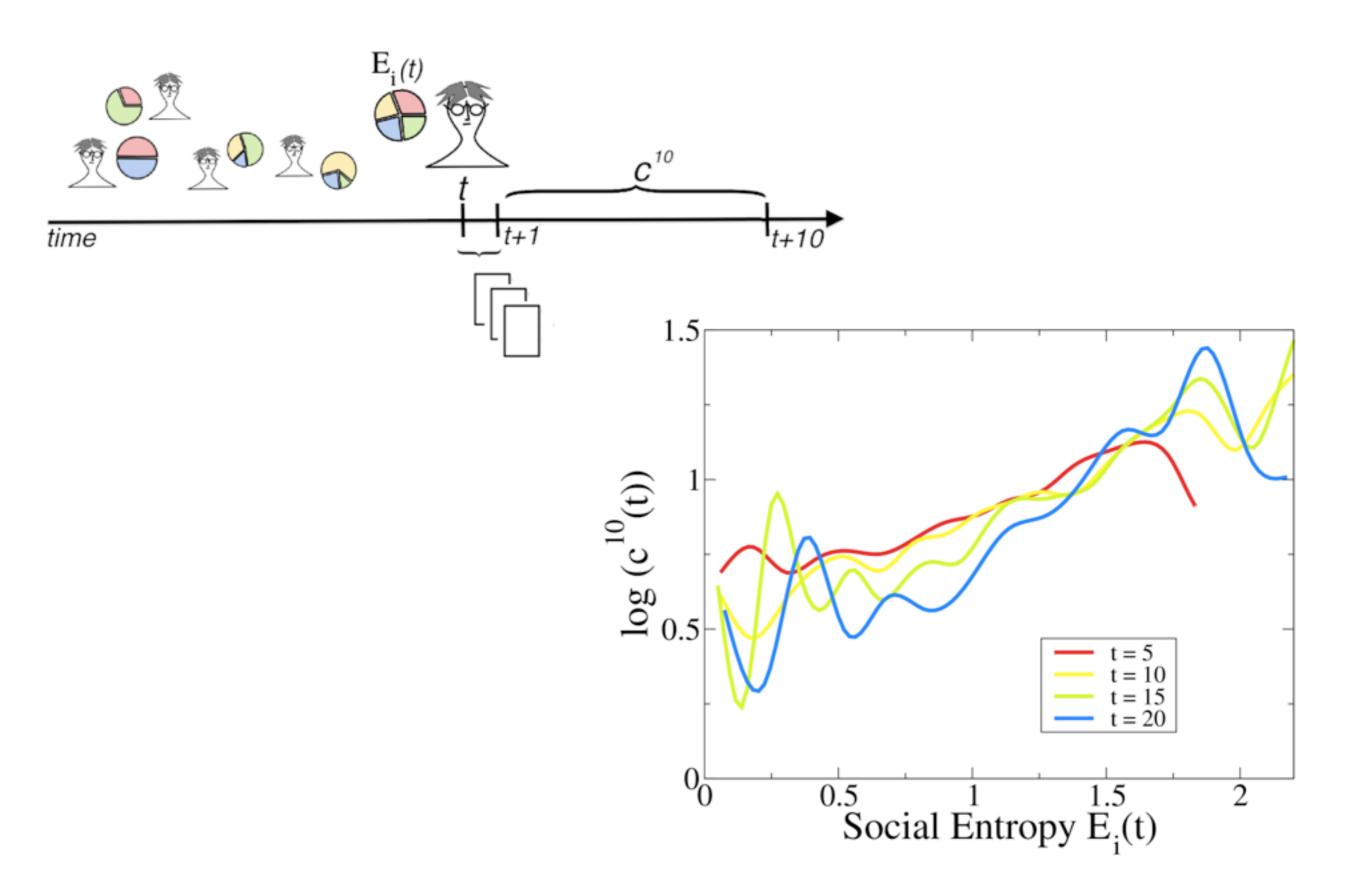


$$B_i = -\sum_c p_i^c \log(p_i^c)$$

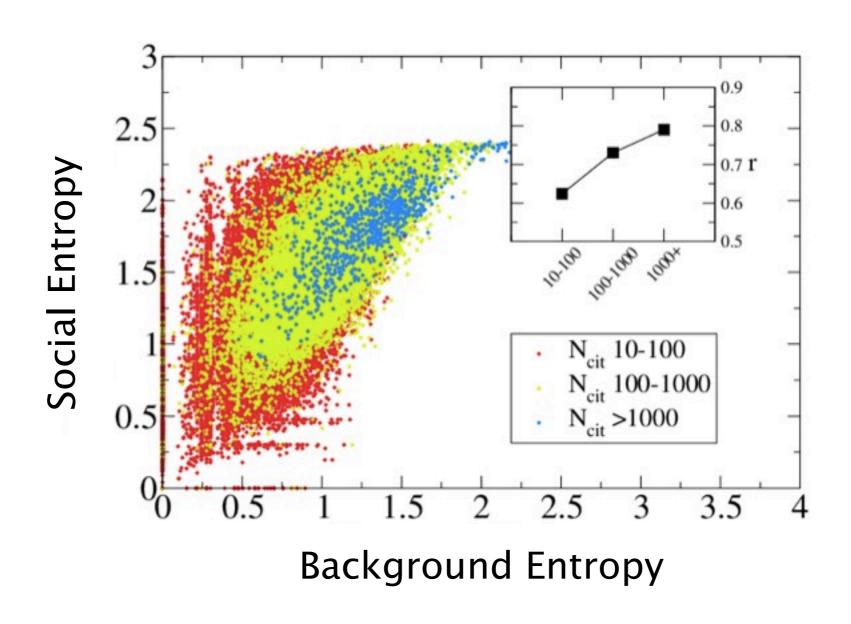




Time evolution: comparing career stages



A Social measure of interdisciplinarity



Master more than one discipline and handle heterogeneous collaborators is not an easy job.

Which are the sources of (new) knowledge and the strategies used by authors to access them?

Which are the most effective paths to interdisciplinarity?

Master more than one discipline and handle heterogeneous collaborators is not an easy job.

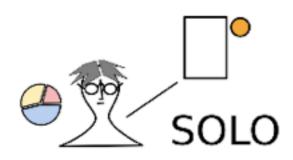
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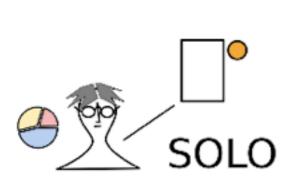
Which are the most effective paths to interdisciplinarity?

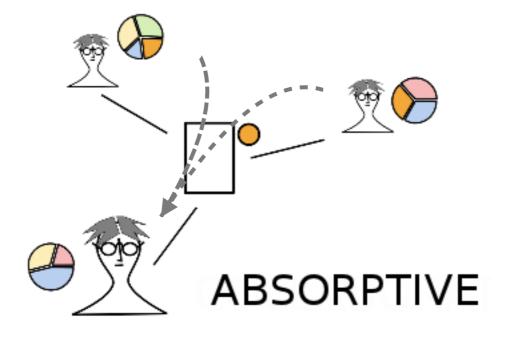


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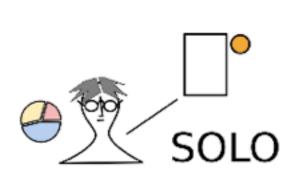


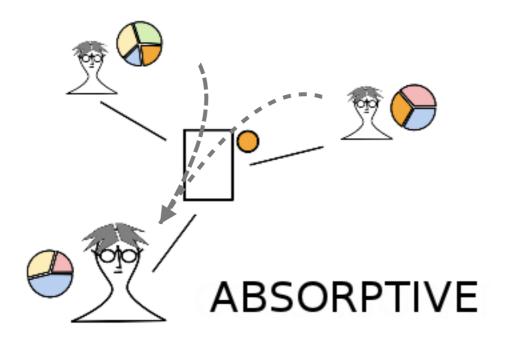


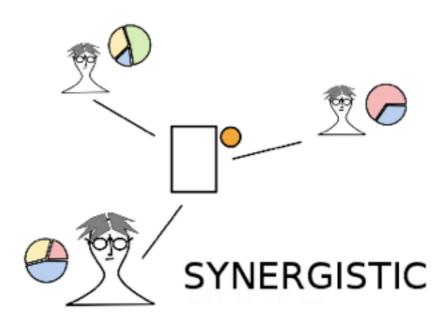
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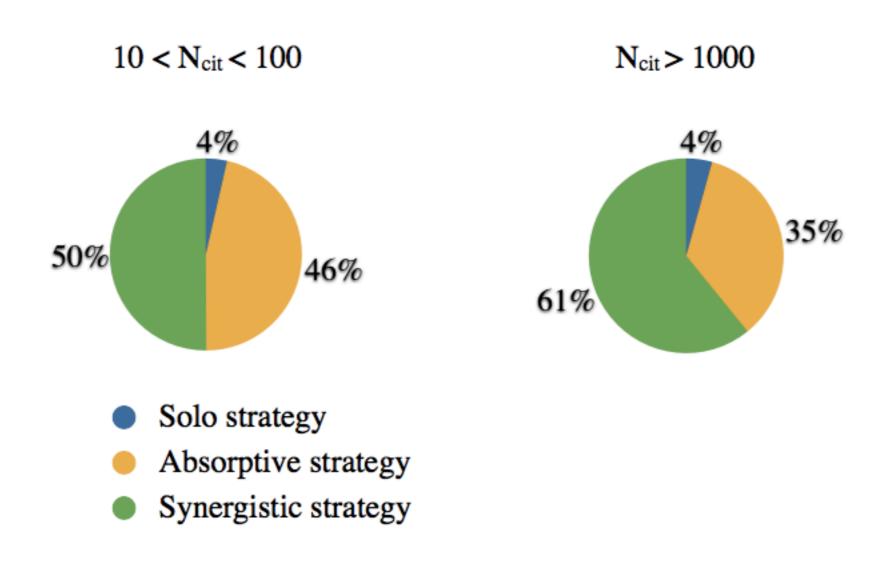
Which are the most effective paths to interdisciplinarity?





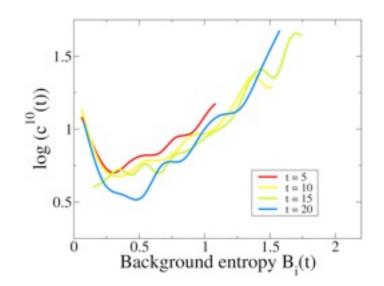


Paths to interdisciplinarity - Results

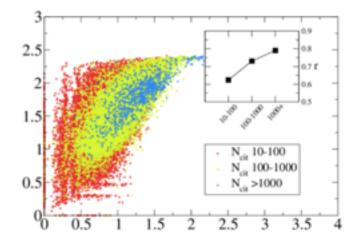


Conclusions:

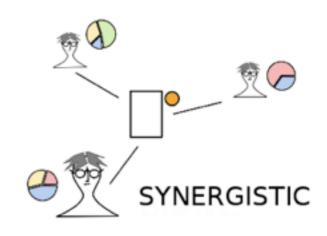
Mind the gap between specialisation and interdisciplinarity



Chose collaborators with care



Do not absorb knowledge from others but create it with your trusted collaborators.



Thank you!